The SOAP note: a new look at an old friend

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OLDCARTS (color coded)

	220 (66.6. 66.6.6.)				
1	0	Onset			
2	L	Location			
3	D	Duration			
4	С	Characteristics			
5	Α	Aggravating			
6	R	Relieving			
7	Т	Temporal			
8	S	Severity			

[S]

CC: Chest pain

Slim, is a 45 y/o White male c/o of sudden onset of intermittent left sided pressure-like, non-radiating chest pain for the past 24 hours that seems to be aggravated by activity (mowing lawn) and relieved by 5 minutes of rest. It starts as a gradual ache and he rates it as 8/10 at its worst. This occurred a few weeks ago when he was working out at the gym lifting weights. The discomfort has never occurred without preceding activity. Denies diaphoresis, back pain associated with activity, nausea, dyspnea on exertion (DOE), edema, symptoms of GERD, increased pain with eating, pleuritic chest pain, cough, feeling anxious, and history of HTN, heart murmur, hyperlipidemia, asthma, or problems with sexual dysfunction.

PMH – Denies. SH – smokes 1 ppd/25 years; ETOH – rarely. FH – non-contributory. Meds- None.

[0]

VS BP 140/98 P – 88 R – 12 T – 98.6 Ht 6" Wt 240

Gen – alert, anxious appearing

Skin – warm, dry

Neck – thyroid non-palpable

CV – RRR S1 S2 w/o murmurs, S3 or S4. Pulses – carotid, radial, femoral 2+; DP/PT 1+; no peripheral edema or JVD; no carotid bruit.

Pulm- A/P diameter 1:2; lungs clear A & P with distant breath sounds lower lobes Abd — No pulsatile mass; No aortic, renal, iliac, or, femoral bruit; BS equal all quads; no tenderness, masses or hepatosplenomegaly.

MSK - no chest wall tenderness

[A] – Chest pain, most likely cardiacNicotine addictionObesity

[P] – Evidence-based plan addressing medications, diagnostics, education, health promotion, follow-up and referrals.

Seem too simple – check below

So, what was the student thinking?

50, what was the stadent trinking:					
Working hypotheses	What you learned in the history	What the exam tells us			
Factors contributing or	Denies history of HTN, hyperlipidemia,	Elevated blood pressure			
related to cardiovascular	heart murmur, problems with sexual	No murmurs indicating valve issues			
disease	dysfunction (male sexual dysfunction is				
	an indicator of small vessel disease).				
	History of tobacco use.				
Cardiovascular Disease	Sudden onset of intermittent left sided	He appears anxious even though he			
(Angina, CAD)	pressure-like, non-radiating chest pain	denies it.			
	for the past 24 hours that seems to be	Regular rate and rhythm			
	aggravated by activity (mowing lawn)	No carotid or aortic bruits			
	and relieved by 5 minutes of rest.				
	Denies diaphoresis, back pain				
	associated with activity, nausea, feeling				
	anxious				
Heart Failure	Denies edema, DOE	Lungs clear and no edema, JVD			
Pulmonary	Denies dyspnea on exertion (DOE),	Normal AP diameter and lungs clear			
(COPD, PE, asthma)	pleuritic chest pain, hx of asthma, or	on auscultation			
	cough				
Gastrointestinal	Denies symptoms of GERD, increased	No abdominal tenderness			
(GERD)	pain with eating				
Generalized Anxiety	Denies feeling anxious	Anxious appearing			
Disorder					
Musculoskeletal	Started while working lifting weights at	No chest wall tenderness			
	the gym. Denies pleuritic chest pain.				
Important lifestyle factors	Smokes 1 ppd/25 years				

SOAP note content grid

0	Sudden	
L	Left sided chest pain	
D	24 hours	
С	Left-sided pressure-like, non-radiating chest pain	
Α	Aggravated by activity	
R	Relived by 5 minutes of rest	
Т	Last 24 hours	
S	Rates 8/10	
Social Hx	Smokes 1 ppd X 25 years	
ROS	Denies diaphoresis, back pain associated with activity, nausea, dyspnea on exertion (DOE), edema, symptoms of GERD, increased pain with eating, pleuritic chest pain, cough, feeling anxious, and history of HTN, heart murmur, hyperlipidemia, asthma, or problems with sexual dysfunction.	
Exam	Hypertensive (140/98), obese (BMI 32.5), anxious, thyroid non-palpable, RRR w/o murmurs or S3/S4. 2+ pulses w/o bruit. No edema or JVD. Normal AP diameter w/ clear lungs. Bowel sounds all quads w/o tenderness or mass. No chest wall tenderness.	
Assessment	Chest Pain (most likely cardiac) Nicotine addiction Obesity	
Plan	Key components of an evidence-based plan.	